Managing the Impact of Wildfires on Communities and the Environment

2000 Fire Season

- 92,250 fires
- 7,383,493 acres
- All areas of U.S. impacted
  Florida to Alaska (especially Northern Rockies)

 Congress responded by approving funds for Federal and State agencies and local communities to better plan and prepare for future wildfire seasons

Goals

 Ensuring sufficient firefighting resources for the future.

Rehabilitating and restoring fire damaged ecosystems

- Goals cont.
- Reducing fuels (combustible forest materials) in forests and rangelands at risk, especially near communities

 Working with local residents to reduce fire risk and improve fire protection

#### NFP at work

- Better protection and preparedness through thorough planning and additional firefighting resources
- Community education through Firewise workshops and WHAM projects
- Local fire department assistance through training, equipment transfer, prevention and other tools needed to decrease threats to life and property

- NFP at work cont.
- Reducing excess fuels in and around communities through mechanical and prescribed fire Hazard Fuel Reduction Projects
- Protecting water quality for towns and communities by minimizing impacts of erosion in burned areas
- Ecosystem re-establishment by aggressive rehabilitation in burned areas by land managers and scientists to recover areas from the debilitating effects of wildland fire

- NFP at work cont.
- Economic development opportunities through biomass utilization of products generated by projects and increasing local employment opportunities

National Park Service

RM-18 Fire Management

 All NPS units with vegetation that can sustain fire must have a Fire Management Plan